#### **Prayer List**



#### Of Our Number

- ◆ Janice Carnley—Shoal Creek
- ◆ Jennifer Derrick—health problems
- ♦ Wilfred Derrick—health problems
- ◆ Jeff Mashburn—health problems
   Others in Need
- ♦ Travis Barrow—rare cancer
- ◆ Patsy Benson—stage 4 cancer
- ◆ Shannon Burn—another surgery
- ◆ Danny Davis—back pain
- ◆ Louise Douglas—health problems
- ◆ Joyce Faulk—health problems
- ◆ Daniel Foxworth's father—health
- ◆ Jennifer Foxworth-health problems
- ◆ Howard & Elizabeth Grace—health
- ◆ Dawn Holloway—health problems
- ◆ Tony Jones—recent stroke and fall
- ◆ Kari Miles—expecting
- ◆ Mary Milsted—lung cancer
- ◆ Thomas Patterson—health issues
- ◆ Shane Price—cancer
- ◆ Larry Shappley—hospice care
- ♦ Melanie Skinner—cancer

#### Continued in next column...

#### ♦ Randal W.'s grandson CJ—sick

- ◆ Ron Yusnukis—surgery recovery
- Pray for Christians overseas, such as those facing persecution in Pakistan and certain parts of India.
- ◆ Pray for peace, pray for the bereaved, the persecuted, sick/ suffering, civil leaders, military, 1st responders, the lost, enemies.
- ♦ Pray for our evangelistic efforts

#### **To Our Visitors**



We are happy and honored that you are here! Please fill out a visitor's card and give us a chance to get to know you. If you have any questions about anything said or done in Bible class or worship, please ask. We seek to give a Bible answer for everything we do (Colossians 3:17; 1 Peter 3:15; 4:11).

#### **Events**



### **Privileged to Serve**



#### February 21

Faith and Fellowship (No fellowship meal in March)

#### February 26

Fourth Wednesday Singing

Announcements: Glenn Howze

**Song Leading:** Sunday—David Howze; Wednesday—Caleb Howze

#### Serving the Lord's Supper

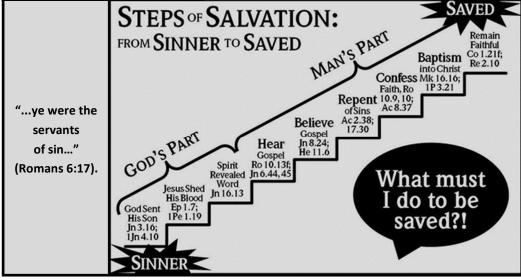
Head: Glenn Howze; Helpers: Leo Derrick, Ethan Howze, Mark Howze

#### **Lord's Supper PM**

Head: Leo Derrick Helper: Ezra Howze

Bible Reading: Mark Howze

Faithful Worship — 1) Praying to God the Father in the name of Jesus Christ (Luke 11:1-2; John 16:23; Eph. 5:20; Phil. 4:6); 2) Singing without mechanical instruments (Matt. 26:30; Eph. 5:19; Col. 3:16-17; Heb. 2:12); 3) Preaching God's Word (Mark 16:15-16; Acts 2:42; 20:7); 4) Giving weekly as prospered, cheerfully (1 Cor. 16:1-2; 2 Cor. 9:7); 5) The Lord's Supper on the first day of every week (Matt. 26:26-28; Acts 20:7; 1 Cor. 11:20-34; 16:2; Heb. 10:23-31).



"...but ye have obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine which was delivered you. Being then made free from sin, ye became the servants of righteousness" (Rom. 6:17b-18).

# THE BAKER BULLETIN

The weekly bulletin of

The church of Christ in Baker, FL

**February 16, 2025** 

#### **Meeting Times**

#### **Sundays:**

10AM Bible Class 11AM Worship 6PM Worship

#### Wednesdays:

7PM Bible Class

#### **Other Information**

5761 Hwy. 4 P.O. Box 285 Baker, FL 32531 USA 850-669-9117

#### Website:

churchofChristatBaker.com

#### **Radio Program:**

104.7FM Sundays 8:30AM WAAZ1047.com livestream

#### Jason Hilburn's Info:

850-826-8198

hilburnjasonp@gmail.com TheBibleDomain.com JasonsBibleBlog.com

## Beware of "Translations" Such as the New Living Translation

There is danger in some "translations" of the Bible. Here is a snippet of the NLT about the qualifications of elders. Notice the casual wording of "church leaders" instead of elder, bishop, pastor, etc. then notice that a "church leader" can be an alcoholic as long as he isn't a heavy drinker - verse 3 (cf "not given to wine" most versions). Also he must be faithful to his wife - which wife? What if he has been divorced and remarried ten times?

If you are using the NLT it would be wise to put that pup on a shelf somewhere and get a more literal translation. No wonder there is so much confusion in the world and in the church.

1 Timothy 3 (NLT)

This is a trustworthy saying: "If someone aspires to be a church leader,[a] he desires an honorable position." 2 So a church leader must be a man whose life is above reproach. He must be faithful to his wife.[b] He must exercise self-control, live wisely, and have a good reputation. He must enjoy having guests in his home, and he must be able to teach. 3 He must not be a heavy drinker[c] or be violent. He must be gentle, not quarrelsome, and not love money. 4 He must manage his own family well, having children who respect and obey him. 5 For if a man cannot manage his own household, how can he take care of God's church? 6 A church leader must not be a new believer, because he might become proud, and the devil would cause him to fall.[d] 7 Also, people outside the church must speak well of him so that he will not be disgraced and fall into the devil's trap.

—Article by Joey Ferrell

#### **What A.I. Says About Pentecostal Churches**

(Part 1 of 2) By Jason Patrick Hilburn

An Artificial Intelligence (A.I.) chatbot allows people to ask it questions of practically any kind, and it "works by processing large amounts of text data and using patterns in that data to generate responses that are relevant and coherent" (chatgpt.com). The most widely used chatbot is called ChatGPT: "As of September 2024, ChatGPT is the most popular AI tool in the world. The AI chatbot receives 3.1 billion monthly website visits from over 180 million users" (explodingtopics.com). ChatGPT was also ranked the "Best Overall" A.I. chatbot of 2024 by multiple sources, including tomsguide.com. This writer asked ChatGPT about modern Pentecostal churches, and it had much to say. The formatting and wording of its answers have not been altered.

Question: What are differences between modern Pentecostal churches and the churches of Christ that existed in the first century A.D.?

ChatGPT said: Modern Pentecostal churches and the churches of Christ in the first century A.D. differ in significant ways, particularly in worship practices, spiritual gifts, baptism, salvation, and church organization. Here's a comparison based on biblical adherence:

#### 1. Authority of Scripture

- **First-Century Church:** Followed the inspired teachings of the **apostles and prophets**, which were later recorded in the **New Testament** (Acts 2:42; 2 Timothy 3:16-17). No additional revelations beyond those given by Christ and His apostles.
- Pentecostal Churches: Believe in continuing revelation, often emphasizing prophecies, visions, and modern-day apostles. Some claim to receive direct messages from the Holy Spirit beyond the Bible.
- □ **Key Difference:** The **early church relied on apostolic teaching**, while Pentecostals often claim **extra-biblical revelations**, which contradict the Bible's teaching that revelation is **complete** (Jude 3; 2 Timothy 3:16-17).

#### 2. Miraculous Gifts & Speaking in Tongues

- First-Century Church: Miraculous gifts, including speaking in tongues, prophecy, and healing, were given by the Holy Spirit through the laying on of the apostles' hands (Acts 8:17; Acts 19:6). These ceased after the apostles died and the New Testament was completed (1 Corinthians 13:8-10).
- Pentecostal Churches: Teach that miraculous gifts still exist today, including speaking in unintelligible tongues (ecstatic speech), divine healing, and prophecy. Many claim to

receive direct messages from the Holy Spirit.

□ **Key Difference:** In the first-century church, **tongues were real languages** (Acts 2:4-11), while modern Pentecostal "tongues" are often **gibberish with no linguistic meaning**. Also, the **Bible teaches that miraculous gifts ceased** (1 Corinthians 13:8-10), but Pentecostals claim they continue.

#### 3. Baptism & Salvation

- First-Century Church: Taught baptism by immersion for the remission of sins (Acts 2:38; Mark 16:16; Acts 22:16). Baptism was essential for salvation.
- Pentecostal Churches: Most teach baptism but do not consider it necessary for salvation. Many emphasize Holy Spirit baptism as a separate experience from water baptism. Some Pentecostals practice sprinkling instead of immersion.
- ☐ Key Difference: The first-century church required water baptism for salvation, while Pentecostals often focus on Holy Spirit baptism and emotional experiences instead.

#### 4. Worship Practices

- First-Century Church: Worship included prayer, teaching, a cappella singing, weekly Lord's Supper, and giving (Acts 2:42; Acts 20:7; Colossians 3:16).
- Pentecostal Churches: Use instrumental music, emotional worship, spontaneous speaking in tongues, and healing services. Many emphasize dramatic spiritual experiences over biblical teaching.
- ☐ Key Difference: The early church worshiped in an orderly way (1 Corinthians 14:40), while Pentecostal services are often chaotic, emotional, and focused on experiences rather than biblical doctrine.

#### 5. Church Organization

- First-Century Church: Each congregation was independent, led by a plurality of elders (bishops) and deacons (Titus 1:5-9; Philippians 1:1). No denominational hierarchy or centralized leadership.
- Pentecostal Churches: Many have modern apostles, prophets, and pastors leading their churches. Some Pentecostal groups have denominational structures, such as the Assemblies of God and Church of God.
- ☐ Key Difference: The first-century church had elders in each congregation, while Pentecostals often have one-man leadership (pastors) or self-proclaimed apostles.

...To be continued next week, if God wills. Full article on http://www.JasonsBibleBlog.com